

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office



Species Account CALISTOGA ALLOCARYA

Plagiobothrys strictus

CLASSIFICATION: Endangered

Federal Register Notice 62-54791; October 22, 1997

http://ecos.fws.gov/docs/federal_register/fr3169.pd f (1.6 MB)

STATE LISTING STATUS AND CNPS CODE:

This species was listed as threatened by the California Department of Fish and Game in January 1990. The California Native Plant Society has placed it on List 1B (rare or endangered throughout its range).

CRITICAL HABITAT: None designated

RECOVERY PLAN: None

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Calistoga Allocarya
Mark W. Skinner @ USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database
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5-YEAR REVIEW: Completed February 2010. No change recommended. http://www.fws.gov/ecos/ajax/docs/five_year_review/doc3218.pdf (183 KB)

DESCRIPTION:

Calistoga allocarya, also known as Calistoga popcorn flower, is a small erect herb belonging to the borage family (Boraginaceae). This plant grows 1 to 4 decimeters (4 to 16 inches) in height from a single stem or branches from the base. The lower linear leaves are small and nearly hairless.

Small, usually paired, white flowers appear in March and April on a curved inflorescence. The fruit is a small egg-shaped nutlet, with a keel on the back.

Calistoga allocarya may be difficult to distinguish from many other species of popcorn flower (*Plagiobothrys*). Five other species have ranges that overlap the range of Calistoga allocarya. See Jepson Manual, below, for a detailed description of Calistoga allocarya (as "Calistoga popcorn flower") and the similar species.

DISTRIBUTION:

Calistoga allocarya grows in the foothill grasslands of Napa County. It is found in mesic (moderately wet) areas, including vernal pools, next to and fed by hot springs and small geysers. These pools have high concentrations of boron, arsenic, and sulfates, and support a uniquely adapted flora. See 5-year review (above) for details.

U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Quads: Calistoga (517D) 3812255

THREATS:

One population has been lost because of urbanization and agricultural land conversion. Two remaining populations are known. One is found at the Calistoga Airport. Another is at a small undeveloped hot springs and is bisected by a paved county road, The combined area of both is less than 900 square feet. Both are on private lands and are unprotected

REFERENCES FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

General references about California plants

www.fws.gov/sacramento/es/plant_spp_accts/plant_references.htm

<u>The Jepson Manual: Higher Plants of California</u>. This is the standard reference about California plants. The Manual is available in an <u>online version</u>. See also the <u>Jepson Online Interchange</u> for updates.

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